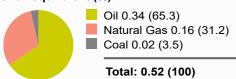
#### United Kingdom • Fossil fuels • Coal and unconventional

### Conventional proved reserves by fuels, Billion tonnes of oil equivalent (%):



Source: Based on the U.S. Energy Information Administration data (Sep 2023).



### Key coal mine fields by production capacity in 2014, thousand t/y:

- 1 North East, England, 2117.1
- 2 East Midlands, England, 767.8
- 3 Merthyr Tydfil, Wales, 952.7
- 4 Rhondda Cynon Taff, Wales, 595.7
- 5 Neath Port Talbot, Wales, 513.4
- 6 Powys, Wales, 415.0
- 7 East Ayrshire, Scotland, 1351.9
- 8 Fife, Scotland, 506.1
- 9 South Lanarkshire, Scotland, 291.1
- 10 West Lothian, Scotland, 275.9



## Key heavy oil extraction fields in 2017, bpd:

- I Clair, BP, 60 000
- 2 Captain, Chevron, 40 000
- 3 Kraken, EnQuest, 20 000
- 4 Alba, Chevron, 15 300
- 5 Harding, TAQA, 10 000





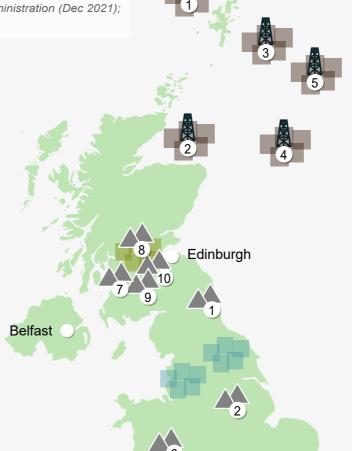
Largest shale oil (tight light) fields (Wessex and Weald Basins)



Largest shale gas fields (Bowland Basin)

# United Kingdom has 26 trillion cubic feet of unproved technically recoverable shale gas and 0.7 billion barrels of shale oil.

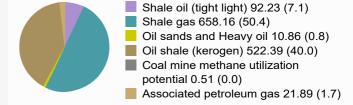
Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration (Dec 2021); Wikipedia.



Cardiff

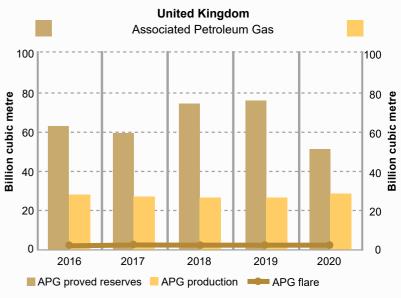
London

#### Unconventional reserves by fuels, Million tonnes of oil equivalent (%):



Total: 1306.0 (100)

Sources: Based on the U.S. EIA 2015 data (Dec 2021); Used by permission of the WEC 2010 (Sep 2023); U.S. Geological Survey SIR 2005-5294 (Sep 2023); U.S. EPA 2017 (Sep 2023); Oil and Gas Authority et al.



Sources: Digest of UK Energy Statistics (DUKES) 2021; Oil and Gas Authority; NOAA/GGFR.

As of 2021 United Kingdom had 70.0 million tonnes of coal, extracted about 1.8 mln short tons.

Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration (Dec 2021); BP Statistical Review of World Energy 2021; Wikipedia.



Largest oil shale (kerogen) fields